His Seen-on-the-Side Col-

umn on Editorial Page.

69TH YEAR.

RICHMOND, VA., MONDAY, JULY 28, 1919. -TEN PAGES

PRICE, THREE CENTS

GREAT U. S. ARMADA **GOES FROM CANAL** INTO PACIFIC OCEAN

Six Dreadnoughts, Under Admiral Rodman, Make Successful Trip.

SAILORS ON SHORE LEAVE TO CELEBRATE BIG EVENT

Average Time of Each Ship From Colon to Balboa Is Ten Hours.

DAY IN PANAMA

of Zone Congratulate Commander of Gigantic Fleet.

ABOARD THE FLAGSHIP U. S. S. NEW MEXICO, Saturday, July 26 (by Army of Police Ordered Out to Wireless.)—The Pacific Fleet, under command of Admiral Rodman, tonight floating in Pacific waters. Six dreadnoughts, led by the flag

New Mexico, today successfully lated the Panama Canal-the largest ships that ever have passed through this waterway. The average This is the biggest event in the story of the Canal," said Governor tester Harding, of the Canal Zone. These dreadnoughts are the largest lips and this is the largest fleet ever pass through the Canal."

Rodman Visits President Porras.

Governor Harding and Rear-Admiral arbury Johnston, of the Panama aval Division, came aboard as the agship was being locked down thirty let to the level of Mira Flores Lake, he operation of locking down the readnoughts proceeded with the same to date the readnoughts are some together the same togethe

CHALONER SAYS ALIENISTS

Master of Merrie Mills Starts Cam-paign for Reform of Lunacy Statutes.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Declaring alienists to be "head hunters who for a price will send any man to the mad house," John Armstrong Chaloner to-day announced his intention of waging a vigorous campaign for the reform of lunacy laws. a vigorous campaign for the reform of lunacy laws.

Chaloner, whose twent-year fight against the court decree declaring him insane in this State ended in victory Saturday, when Supreme Court Justice Ford declared him sane and competent to manage his own property, proposed to devote all of his resources in fighting for a Federal statute giving suspected lunatics the right of trial by jury before they are committed to institutions or deprived of their property rights.

rights.

In a statement given out today at the Hotel Breevort, Chaloner said he plans to open his campaign with a lecture in Cooper Union on Sunday, November 9, on "The Philosophic Aspect of Christianity." The statement reviews Chaloner's experience in lecturing on the same subject for two years in Virginia, until his Sunday night lectures were halted by the Virginia blue laws.

Chaloner's income from his property

ginia blue laws.

Chaloner's income from his property in this State will be approximately \$100,000.

FIND SMALLPOX ON SHIP

Transport Mobile Arrives at New York and 5,000 Men Are Quarantined.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The first case of smallpox discovered on a returning roopship held up the troopship Mobile, rom Brest, on her arming the small post of the state of the small post of the sma from Brest, on her arrival here today, resulting in the quarantining of nearly 5,000 officers and men on their arrival at Camp Mills, and the segregation of the 138 "war brides" under care of the Red Cross, after they were landed at Hoboken.

A Filipino mess boy was found to have developed a mild case of the disease after the vessel left France, and he was quarantined with his three Filipino companions in the ship's hospital.

Two Killed and Houses Wrecked by N. Y. Storm

NEW YORK, July 27.—Two men killed, many others injured and scores of barns and houses damaged, small boats wrecked and trees blown down is the record of the electric storm that swooped down on this city and environs around midnight last night.

Many houses were struck by lightning in various parts of the Sinte, and in this city thirteen alarms of fire were turned in while the storm was at its height. Surface and elevated traffic was badly hampered by the storm and few vessels ventured out into the bay or sound until the heavy rain and high wind had abated.

The victims of the storm were Robert Maher, nineteen, of Mount Beacon, killed by lightning: George, Whitin, twenty, New Hyde Park, L. L, killed by stepping on a live wire at Port Washington.

TWO KILLED; MANY HURT IN CHICAGO RACE RIOTS

President of Republic and Governor Trouble Starts at Bathing Beach, Where Whites and Blacks Are Segregated.

FIGHT SPREADS TO STREETS

Prevent Further Outbreaks, Finally Succeeds in Bringing About Order.

CHICAGO, July 27 .- A series of riots in the negro district late today rethe reported drowning of a white man, probable fatal injury to another negro, jury to a score of whites and blacks

situation well in hand. The trouble started at the Twenty The trouble started at the Twentyninth Street beach, where whites and
blacks are segregated, and soon spread
to State Street, the main thoroughfare
in the heart of the negro district, which
extends about five miles. Shooting
started near the beach. There was
also some shooting in the vicinity of
State Street.

The fieet left its anchorage in Gatun ake at dawn this morning, proceeding in pairs two hours apart. The lew Mexico and Wyoming led the fixey, followed by the New York and exas and the Mississippi and Aransas.

To Admiral Rodman, who planned the operative organization of the anal, was given the honor of directing the course of the first dreadnought of make the trip. Through the reaches of Gatun Lake the dreadnought of make the trip. Through the reaches dat thirteen knots an hour. On nearing the confines of the Bas Obispolach, however, John Constantine, and began shooting at a policeman who had joined the pursuit and who returned the fire. The negro finality surrendered.

During the night one negro was probably fatally, wounded.

Twenty-inith Street-was soon packed with whites and blacks, the latter predominating. More fighting occurred, and a few shots were fired as some of the negroes fied and patrol wagons loaded with bluecoats raced to the scene.

Fire Adds to Excitement. Ill-Feeling on South Side.

Fire Adds to Excitement.

A fire broke out in a small building and fire apparatus was blocked by the throngs. Negroes are said to have tried to drag the firemen from their seats. During the fighting rocks, bricks and other missiles were hurled both at the same fired on the flagship in honor of t ing a negro on a rait was reported to have been struck with a rock and hurled into the lake. Later the body of a negro was taken from the water. A white man, a swimmer, also was reported hit and drowned. With the police stations emptied of reserves and scores of others rushed from North and West Side stations, Acting Chief of Police Alcock ordered every available policeman on duty to prevent further outbreaks. The small army of policemen succeeded in bringing about a fair semblance of order.

ADMITS HE MURDERED CAILERD BOOK Maine Fails in Line.

Will not be a part of the organic law. The exact situation in the several states invoking the referendum is shown by Levy Mayer, counsel for the police stations emptied of reserves and scores of others rushed from North and West Side stations, Acting Chief of Police Alcock ordered every available policeman on duty to prevent further outbreaks. The small army of policemen succeeded in bringing about a fair semblance of order.

ADMITS HE MURDERED COLOR LEED BOOK Maine Fails in Line.

AND CONCEALED BODY

Confession of Thomas Fitzgerald Clears Up Stirring Chicago Police Case.

(By Associated Press.)
CHICAGO, July 27.—Thomas Fitzgerald, night watchman of a residential hotel, today confessed to the police that he had murdered six-year-old that he had murdered six-year-old Janet Wilkinson, a neighbor's child, and thus brought to a climax one of Chicago's most stirring police cases.

Fitzgerald, thirty-nine years old, made his confession after five sleepless days and nights of questioning, and then led the police to his home, where he had concealed the body last Tuesday. The child had been strangled.

A crowd surrounded the home, and when the body was removed there were threats against the confessed murderer. A guard was thrown about him and he was hurried to a cell. The crowd followed to the station, where it was dispersed. crowd followed to the station, where it was dispersed.

When the child, daughter of a grocer, disappeared suspicion was directed toward Fitzgerald, and he was arrested. Two days ago Fitzgerald's wife was called home from Michigan. At first she declared implicit faith in her husband, but later said she believed he had knowledge of the child's disappearance.

FOREIGN MINISTER OF AUSTRIA QUITS OFFICE

SLAY 81 REVOLUTIONISTS

Bela Kun Shoots or Hangs Opponents of Present Hungariar Government.

General Government.

Iby Associated Press. |

GENDEVA. July 27.—During the month of June eighty-one revolutionists against the present Hungarian government were shot or hanged by order of Bela Kun, according to a statement in a copy of Bela Kun's crgan, the Vorusujsag, of Budapest, received here today. The newspaper pra'ses the Hungarian communist leader's strong attitude.

W. M. Blount is Dead, Iby Associated Press. |

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UNION SPRINGS, ALA. July 27.—W. M. Blount, president of the Birmingham and Southeastern Railway, and vice-president of the American Railway Short Line Association, died at his home here today after an illness of four weeks from typhoid fever. 1By Associated Press.1

FOR TEST ON LIQUOR

Constitution's Prohibition Amendment.

PROCEED IN FIFTEEN STATES TREASURER URGES ECONOMY

Seek to Nullify Action of Legislatures in Giving Assent to National Dry Era.

BY J. FRED ESSARY. WASHINGTON, July 27 .- A single hance remains for the defeat of conitutional prohibition in the United States, and, while that chance is restates, and, while that chance is remote, it is, nevertheless, being carefully weighed, not only by the liquor interests of the country, but by the prohibitionists themserves.

If the action of ten State Legislatures which ratified the eighteenth, or prohibition, amendment to the Constitution can be reversed by means of popular referendums, the prohibition mandate which is now scheduled to go into effect on January 16 will be nullified. The nation will return forthwith to a liquor basis except to such an extent as State laws apply.

In the fight against nation-wide prohibition referendum proceedings already have been invoked in fifteen different States, five more than are needed to negative the action of their respective Legislatures. The States are Michigan, Ohio, Missouri, Arkansas, New Mexico. Colorado, Nebraska, Washington, California, Nevada, Maine, Oklahoma, Oregon, Utah and Idaho, The petitions have been thrown out in three of these States—that is, in Oregon, Utah and Idaho—and so far no appeals have been taken from the courts in these States to the United States Supreme Court.

Petitions in Seven States. note, it is, nevertheless, being care-

Maine Falls in Line.

4. Maine: 10,000 names necessary to referend; 20,000 will be filed this week. 5. Michigan: 22,000 names necessary to referend; over 40,000 will be filed to referend; over 40,000 will be filed this week.

6. Missouri: 39,000 names necessary to referend; over 100,000 will be filed this week.

7. Nebraska: 30,000 names necessary to referend; 60,000 filed July 10.

8. Nevada: 2,557 names necessary to referend; 4,000 filed July 25.

9. New Mexico: 12,000 names necessary to referend; 16,000 filed June 10. Attorney-General not yet issued official ruling.

Attorney-General not yet issued official ruling.

10. Oklahoma: 9,000 names necessary to referend: 15,000 filed June 18. Secretary of State on instructions from Attorney-General has refused to put referendum proposition to ballot. Mandamus proceedings are now pending in the State Supreme Court.

11. Ohio: 50,000 names necessary to referend; 200,000 filed March 1. Secretary of State accepted petition and filed it. Drys enjoined him from putting proposition on ballot and were turned down.

12. Washington: 22,657 names necessary to referend. Mandamus proceed-

12. Washington: 22,657 names necessary to referend. Mandamus proceedings brought against Secretary of State to file and Attorney-General is to give ballot title. Writ granted by Supreme Court. Forty thousand names filed June 11. Verification of signatures by Secretary of State not yet completed.

Make Desperate Fight. Make Desperate Fight.

This summary shows that the wets are making a last desperate fight to nullify the proclamation issued by Secretary of State Polk, and while, off-hand, it seems that theirs is an almost hopeless fight, even though they win in the State courts and secure a vote upon the State ratifying resolutions, still the unexpected may happen and a fresh complication over this measure arise.

and a fresh complication over this measure arise.

It is further announced by Mr. Mayer "that in addition to the referendum reasons which may form the basis of an attack on the eighteenth amendment, it will be contended in the United States Supreme Court on constitutional grounds." These constitutional reasons are now being examined and soon will be put into formal form, It is intimated by him that Rhode Island will proceed under the resolution adopted by its Legislature, with its case in the Supreme Court.

Last Resort to Register Defeat of Government to Borrow \$3,500,-000,000 From Banks During Next Five Months.

Says Public Debt on June 30, 1920, Expected to Amount to \$26,516,506,160.

IBy Associated Press.1 WASHINGTON, July 27.—Loan certificates of five months' maturity bearing interest at 41-2 per cent, will be issued by the Treasury semimonthly on the 1st and 15th, beginning August 1, for the remainder of the calendar government's requirements.

government's requirements.

In making this announcement today in a letter to the banking institutions of the country, Secretary Glass said the minimum amount of cach issue in August and September would not exceed \$500,000,000, while subsequent issues probably would be about half that amount, with the total estimated at \$3.500,000,000. The same period will see the redemption of \$2,975,540,500 in loan and tax certificates, leaving a net increase of \$502,459,500 to be funded by the issue of short-term notes, when market conditions are favorable and the terms advantageous to the and the terms advantageous to government.

Notes Are Allocated.

Notes Are Allocated.

All national and State banks and trust companies will be expected to take not less than 1.6 per cent of their gross resources in each semimonthly issue of loan certificates during August and September, with the percentage falling to 0.8 toward the end of the calendar year. The program may be varied occasionally by the substitution of tax certificates.

Secretary Glass hopes to make the distribution of the new certificates as widespread as possible, believing that their investment value has been demonstrated to a large class of buyers in previous issues.

Reviewing the financial condition of the country, Secretary Glass estimated income for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920, at \$6,535,000,000, made up of internal revenue, \$4,940,000,000; customs, \$260,000,000; sale of public lands \$3,000,000; miscellaneous, \$300,000,000, and Victory Liberty loan installments, \$1,032,000,000.

"In the absence of a budget system or of any Treasury control of governmental expenditure," he continued, "it is even more difficult to foreteil the expenditures than the receipts of the government. I have no present reason to believe that the expenditures will exceed the amount of its receipts, excluding transactions in the principal of the public debt other than the Victory Joan. If these expectations prove to be correct, the gross public debt should be on June 30, 1820, when presumably the whole cost of the war will have been financed, say \$26,516,506,160." The secretary repeated his recent statement to Congress that these expectations are contingent upon the practice of "most rigid economy and the continuance of ample revenues from taxation."

GERMAN NEWSPAPERS SAY KAISER WILHELM HAS NEVER ABDICATED

Declare Prince Maximilian of hents sin is si Baden Took Matters in Own Hands.

1 By Associated Press. 1
BERLIN. July 27.—This morning's

Pan-German newspapers of Berlin make a feature of a five-column expose of occurrences in connection with the outbreak of the German revolution last November, including a struggie taking place at German great head-quarters at Spa on November 3, lasting nearly twenty-four hours, to induce Emperor William to abdicate.

Material is adduced to show that Prince Maximilian, of Baden, then Imperial Chancellor, finally took the initiative, and gave the Wolff Bureau an official statement that the Emperor had abdicated as Emperor and King of Prussia, although it is averred he had done neither and has never renounced the throne of Prussia.

Prince Maximilian, it is declared, took this step out of misguided patriotism in an attempt to subdue the revolutionary movement, which was rapidly getting out of hand, and by it forced the Emperor's advisers to hurry him away to Holland. The Pan-Germans now charge the former Chancellor with treachery. outbreak of the German revolution

All doubts as to William Hohenzollern's abdication as German Emperor and King of Prussia were considered to have been settled when Berlin advices on November 30 last told of the issuance by the new German government of the former Emperor's act of renunciation, described as having been executed and signed by William Hohenzollern, at Amerongen, Holland, on November 28.

VALLEY ROADS BOOSTERS WILL FRAME LEGISLATION

onference at Staunton to Opposed Al-leged "Pork Barrell" Methods of Eastern Virginians.

ISpecial to The Times-Dispatch.]

WINCHESTER, VA., July 27.—S. D. Timberlake and Judge Henry W. Holt. of Staunton, are behind a movement to unite all the counties in the Valley of Virginia on a definite program with regard to appropriations for road work, which is to be the special duty of the Legislature when it convenes in extraordinary session August 13. It is proposed to hold a conference in Staunton at an early date and take steps to combat the alleged "pork-barrel policy of the Eastern Virginian politicians," it was stated today at Staunton. The Augusta County supervisors have already named a committee to work with the Staunton Chamber of Commerce, and plans for the movement will be outlined at a meeting there tomorrow night.

GIVE PLATE TO PERSHING

Honor Conferred Upon A. E. F. Com-mander by Committee of France-America,

MAY WITHDRAW MINISTER

Italian Paper Claims Count di Cellere In Personally Disliked by Wilson.

ROME, July 27.—The usually well-informed Popolo Romano says it learns the Italian Ambassador to the United States, Count di Cellere, will soon be called home by the Italian government. The newspaper adds the ambassador is "personally disliked by President Wilson."

France-America.

PARIS, July 27.—General John J. Tokyo, July 27.—The Japanese press is showing a conciliatory spirit with regard to the Shantung question at the unit-Japanese utterances made in the United States Senate in the debates on this problem.

Gabriel Hanotaux, president of the Gabriel Hanotaux, president of the dascribe American attacks on Japan to a failure to understand all phases of the question, and this misunderstand-ing is blamed on alleged Chinese propaganda in the United States. The anti-Marcian press campaign, which raged that he has absolute confidence that unalterable friendship would exist between the United States and France.

SENATORS WOULD ATTACH CLAUSE REQUIRING FRANCE TO ASSIST U. S. IN STRIFES

WILL HALT SENATE DEBATE ON LEAGUE

Involves Payment of \$25,-000,000 to Republic for Partition of Panama.

HOUSE TO RUSH WORK BEFORE RECESS BEGINS

President Expected to Outline His Stand on Proposed Reservations.

PROHIBITION BILL UP TODAY

Proposed Repeal of War Taxes or Soft Drinks Will Be Among Measures Considered.

By Associated Press.1
WASHINGTON, July 27.—Senate controversy over the peace treaty with its Differences Which Stopped Settleleague of nations covenant, will be halted temporarily this week to allow consideration of the long-pending Colombian treaty.

However, the peace treaty and re lated subjects are expected to be to the fore every day, if not on the floor of the Senate, at least in the cloakrooms and in conferences.

While the Senate considers the two treaties, the House will be occupied with a rush of legislation preparatory

with a rush of legislation preparatory to the planned recess of five weeks, beginning Saturday.

The House recess plans, calling for a complete shutdown of the lower branch from August 2 to September 8, are expected to be presented formally to the House tomorrow. The plans undoubtedly will receive the required Senate approval.

While the house is in recess the Senate will remain in session, chiefly working on the peace treaty, while House committees will take up various investigations, and will hold frearings investigations, and will hold hearings on a number of reconstruction measures. The recess, however, will delay enactment of several bills, including the prohibition enforcement measure, until September.

Waish and Thomas to Speak.

In the continuation of Senate debate, Senator Walsh. Democrat. Montana, will discuss the treaty tomorrow and will be followed on Tuesday by Senators Thomas, of Colorado, and Gay, of Louisiana, both Democrats. Other addresses are expected later in the week. The Foreign Relations Committee expects to complete its preliminary reading of the peace treaty tomorrow. After disposing of the Colombian treaty, the committee plans to hear one or two of the experts who assisted the American peace delegation at Paris.

sisted the American peace delegation at Paris.

Among the measures expected to be enacted this week by the House are those proposing repeal of the war taxes on soft drinks, authorizing increase in the number of army officers as requested by the War Department, and proposing investigation of Mexican affairs by a House committee.

Leaders also plan to have the House pass bills giving permanent ranks to Generals Pershing and March and Admirals Sims and Benson, and also act on the resolution providing for distribution of surplus army food supplies. The latter will come up tomorrow.

Prohibition Up Today.

Prohibition enforcement passed re-

The latter will come up tomorrow.

Prohibition Up Today.

Prohibition enforcement passed recently by the House will be considered tomorrow by the full Senate Judiciar Committee, a subcommittee of which hopes to submit the amended Senate bill for discussion as a substitute for the House bill.

Unusual committee activity, in both bodies of Congress is planned this week and is expected to increase next week during the House recess. House committees will continue hearings on the right of Victor Berger, Wisconsin, Socialist, to his seat and on railroad, immigration, public land development and shipping legislation.

The House Ways and Means Committee will continue hearings on dye stuffs and potash tariffs. Action on its measure to repeal the Canadian reciprocity treaty is scheduled to go over until fall.

Oil lands leasing legislation will be taken up Wednesday by the Senate Public Lands Committee. Other Senate Committees are to work on army and railroad legislation, repeal of the daylight saving law and inquiries into nominations of Attorney-General Palmer and Comptfoller of the Currency Williams.

JAPAN'S HOSTILITY TO AMERICA DISAPPEARING

Nippon Press Says United States Falls to Understand All Phases of Question.

American Allies Would Cede Thrace to Greece

BY WARWICK THOMPSON.
PARIS, July 27.—While the American delegation to the peace conference awaits word from President Wilson as to what stand they are to take on the question of Thrace, it is learned that pressure is being brought to bear by the British, French and Greeks to swing the United States into line to cede Thrace to Greece.
The attitude of the allies is that Bulgaria deserves no sympathy at the hands of the peace conference, that her entry into the war was the height of treachery and that her murderous treatment of civilian populations and prisoners should have earned her the contempt of the world for all time.

It is understood that the American attitude is based on reports of American political experts who predict a renewal of war in the Balkans in the near future should Thrace be summarily torn from Bulgaris. The Bulgarian army remains mobilized with troops minsmed along the Greek borders. The reason for this is not explained and French Journals are calling attention to the danger of the situation and insisting that the allies force the Bulgarians to disperse.

EXPECT MARINE STRIKE TO BE ENDED TONIGHT

ment to Be Discussed at Joint

CHIEF ENGINEERS GET RAISE

Demands of Seamen, Engine Room and Stewards' Department Granted, and Crews Board Ships Ready for Work.

NEW YORK, July 27 .- Differences

between the National Marine Engin-Association, United night just as the demands of some 40,000 striking seamen, engine

dent of the engineers' union, said tonight that he was entirely satisfied

Ask \$35 Flat Increase.

week in the treaty fight include statements by President Wilson outlining his stand on the proposal for ratification reservations and giving new information as to the Shantung provision. Both of the expected statements would have a direct bearing on debate. The Shantung provision is the subject of diplomatic discussions now in progress with Tokyo, designed to obtain publication of the secret understanding for restoration of the province or some other public declaration of Japan's intention.

Waish and Thomas to Speak.

In the continuation of Senate debate, Senator Walsh, Democrat, Montana, will discuss the treaty tomorrow and will be followed on Tuesday by Senators Thomas, of Colorado, and Gay, of Louislana, both Democrats. Other addresses are expected later in the week. The Foreign Relations Committee expects to complete its preliminary meading of tready of the province of the pro

Every effort was made by the same officials to call an immediate meeting of ship owners' representatives, as it was felt the demands could be speedily adjusted, but Franklin D. Mooney, chairman of the steamship association's wage board said no meeting was possible before tomorrow.

The engineers did not go on strike with the seamen, but promised them support, at the same time presenting their own demands, which last night were backed with a threat to walk out. Meeting Set for Today.

FORTY INJURED WHEN TROLLEY CARS CRASH ON TOP OF PALISADES

Accident Due to Faulty Switch Sends Seventeen Persons to Hospital.

NEW YORK. July 27.—High up on the top of the Palisades, about a quarter of a mile north of Palisades Park, near Fort Lee, two trolley cars of the Public Service Corporation this afternoon met in a head-on collision, injuring about forty persons, seventeen of them so seriously that they were removed to the Englewood Hospital. At least one of them is expected to die. The accident occurred on a "lay over" switch, about 200 feet in length, and according to the men operating the two cars, was due to a faulty switch, which instead of throwing one of the cars to the left of the other, turned it into the "lay over," and the two cars came together with a terrific impact, Both were well filled with passengers, who were tossed about in the cars or hurled to the ground.

The most seriously injured is Policeman Edward Schlutt, a member of the Fort Lee police force. He was riding on the front platform of one of the cars, and sustained two broken legs, a dislocated back and severe injury to the neck, and was cut and bruised about the head and body. At the Englewood Hospital, it was said that he would probably not recover.

TWO UNIONS GET CHARTERS

Independent Hill and Managasas Farmers Education and Co-Operative Associations Organized.

The fine for the platform of organized.

The fine for the platform of the Education and Co-Operative Associations Organized.

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Independent Hill and Manassas Farmers Education and Co-Operative
Associations Organized.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

LYNCHBURG, VA.. July 27.—The State office of the Virginia Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union has issued charters for new locals at Independence Hill and Manassas. E. E. Cornwell is president of the Independent Hill union and W. T. Thomasson of the Manassas organization.

future intentions would be justly open to suspicion.

There appears to be no good reason why the intentions of Great Britain and France with respect to a future far East policy should not be made manifest through reservations to the This, at least, is the view of seme of the statesmen who will have to pass upon that treaty. Some successions to the pass upon that treaty.

CLAIM THAT PARIS PLEDGES JAPS AID CAUSE OF DEMAND

Believe Reservations to Separate Pact Will Necessitate Show-Down.

DIPLOMATS SAY PRESENT AGREEMENT IS ONE-SIDED

Acceptance of Proposed Terms by France Would Clear Reports of Secret Pact.

NO WORD FROM WILSON AS YET

President Has Not Made Known Stand on Changes of Treaty With Germany.

WASHINGTON, July 27. - Through reservations to the Franco-American

treaty, whatever displomatic doublemay have been practiced against the United States in Paris can be uncovered. A definite proposal aimed to accomplish this result, already has been made to some Senators, and has been received favorably by them. It is proposed to attach to the French

treaty new clauses, which will bind France to act with the United States in resisting any changes in Asia of In the Pacific Ocean which may constitute a menace to the United States and to the peace of the world.

The French treaty is regarded by many diplomats here as unique, in that it is absolutely one sided. All

Have Private Understanding. I am reliably informed, was reached before the revision of the covenant of the league of nations, with the Monroe Doctrine clause (Article 21) by which the Monroe Doctrine clause (Article 21) by which the Monroe Doctrine is defined as a regional understanding and then existing and subsequent regional understandings among the nations that are members of the league are made valid. So it appears that certain powers (our allies so-called) first made a private agreement among themselves about a future status and balance of power, in Asia and then wrote 'provisions,' lato the treaty and covenant to make such a status hold."

This scret agreement, the Chinese representatives believe, was made subject to ratification after the peace treaty and the league of nations covenant had been adopted by the United States Senate.

Inconceivable as it is that Great Britain and France, notwithstanding that they owe their national existence to the assistance rendered them by the United States in the hour of their peril, should have entered into an agreement so inimical to the weifare of the United States, the charge is made that they did so. Certainly the United States before binding itself-for their future protection has a right to know whether in the charge is made that they did so. Certainly the United States before binding itself-for their future protection has a right to know whether in the future they are to be on its side or on the side of its potential enemy in the Pacific.

Provides Methods.

Refused Means Show Down. If they should refuse to do so, their future intentions would be justly open